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The Need

- Post mortem analysis when equipment or power grid fails.
- Can we at least record the voltages, currents, and breaker position!



The Invention – Part 1

• Strip charts!! What?....1940s?







The Invention – Part 2

- The microprocessor and digital storage!
- Digital Fault Recorder



- NOT TO SCALE -



Why a DFR vs Strip Chart?

- High speed recording of the grid's operating levels observed locally to that substation during a system event
- Analogous to an airplane's "Black Box"
- ...and NERC PRC-002 <u>Requirements</u>



PRC-002 Dynamic Disturbance Recording

- Sections R7 through R11 of the PRC-002 standard require the system to collect the calculated rms quantities at 960 samples per second and store the calculated rms values at a minimum rate of six measurements per second.
- Achieved by Ametek DFR and protective relay phasor data and fault records.



PRC-002 Sequence of Events Recording

- Requires the 52a contact status be recorded with an <u>accuracy</u> of +/- 2 mS
- Achieved by Ametek DFR and specific protective relay's internal SOE recorder.



The Invention – Part 3

Virtual Digital Fault Recorder



What is a Virtual DFR?

 In contrast to a specific, local recording machine, a VDFR uses software, a server, and many individual devices such as protective relays and meters to acquire, assemble, and store data.



VDFR Components







Cost

- Existing Ametek, local DFR solution costs anywhere from \$60,000 to \$120,000 installed per substation initial cost.
- VDFR requires a server and software for approximately \$80,000
- VDRF requires relays or other devices that can sample the grid quantities at a high rate.
- VDFR requires an Ethernet network. Cost ??
- VDFR requires less than 10% the labor as a local DFR



Reliability

- Existing Ametek, local DFR has an observed failure rate of maybe 30 years (MTBF)
- VDFR server and software has an observed failure rate of ? Not a simple calculation.
- VDFR uses relays for data source. The relays have an observed failure rate of +300 years.
- VDFR uses communications to remotely store data





Availability





Security

- Active directory authentication
- Server requires relay "Level 1" access.



Summary

- The VDFR only becomes practical if the existing substation architecture is IP based.
- There is an installed IP based, permanent and secure connection to the substation.
- Have the ability to create a virtual server to run the software.
- Close relationship to IT support staff.





Questions?